



MMISSION



OMB APPROVAL OMB Number: Expires: February 29, 2010

Estimated average burden hours per response . . . 12.00

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 **PART III**



FACING PAGE Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIFIC	CATION	
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			OFFICIAL USE ONLY
First Security Capital Management, Inc.			FIRM I.D. NO.
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BU	SINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.)	
125 Miami Avenue West	Suite B		
	(No. and Street)		
Venice,	Florida		34285
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF F	ERSON TO CONTACT IN REGA	RD TO THIS REPO	RT
Travis Wade Tuccillo		Q.	41-483-3732
		11 103 3732	
			Code – Telephone No.)
	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIF	(Area	
	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIF	(Area (
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIF	(Area (
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT Cuthill & Eddy LLC	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIF	(Area (
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT Cuthill & Eddy LLC	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIF	(Area (
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT Cuthill & Eddy LLC	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIF	(Area (
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT Cuthill & Eddy LLC (1031 W. Morse Blvd., Suite 200, Winter Parl (Address)	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIF! whose opinion is contained in the R Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name,	(Area (Code – Telephone No.) (Zip Code)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT Cuthill & Eddy LLC 1031 W. Morse Blvd., Suite 200, Winter Parl (Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIF! whose opinion is contained in the R Name – if individual, state last, first, middle name,	(Area (Code – Telephone No.) (Zip Code)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT Cuthill & Eddy LLC 1031 W. Morse Blvd., Suite 200, Winter Parl (Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIF whose opinion is contained in the R Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name, (City)	(Area ((Zip Code)
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT Cuthill & Eddy LLC 1031 W. Morse Blvd., Suite 200, Winter Parl (Address) CHECK ONE: Certified Public Accountant	B. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIF whose opinion is contained in the R Name - if individual, state last, first, middle name, (City)	(Area (Code – Telephone No.) (Zip Code)

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).



OATH OR AFFIRMATION

I, Travis Wade Tuccillo ; swear (or affirm) that	, to the
best of my knowledge and belief the accompanying financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm	m of
First Security Capital Management, Inc.	
as of June 30, 2007, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that neither the company nor any partner, pr	oprietor
principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account classified solely as that of a customer, e	
follows:	•
None	
1/	
Notary Public State of Florida	
Kristina M Garbade Signature My Commission DD545096 Vice President	
Title Title	
Notary Public Notary Public	
This report** contains (check all applicable boxes):	
(a) Facing page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.	
(c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial Condition.	
(e) Statement of Changes in Stockholders' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietor's Capital.	
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subordinated to Claims of Creditors.	
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
(h) Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.	
(i) Information Relating to the Possession or control Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.	
(j) A Reconciliation, including appropriate explanation, of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-1 and	ıd the
Computation for Determination of the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.	
(k) A Reconciliation between the audited and un-audited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to method	ods of
consolidation.	
(I) An Oath or Affirmation.	

(n) A report describing any material inadequacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report.

^{**}For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).



Cuthill & Eddy LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Carson L. Eddy Victor J. Incinelli Todd Hitchins Jennifer L. Christensen

Limited Liability Company

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Directors
First Security Capital Management, Inc.
Venice, Florida

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of First Security Capital Management, Inc. as of June 30, 2007, and the related statements of operations, changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of First Security Capital Management, Inc. as of June 30, 2007, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in the supplementary schedules, computation of net capital and computation of aggregate indebtedness, as of June 30, 2007, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Comme & Goog uc

August 14, 2007

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL CONDITION

JUNE 30, 2007

ASSETS

Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from officers Prepaid expenses Property and equipment, net Deposit with clearing organization	\$ 94,875 3,150 77,728 2,556 4,883 25,000 \$ 208,192
LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Shareholders' equity: Common stock, \$1 par value, 10,000 shares	<u>\$ 14,141</u>
authorized; 1,000 shares issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Retained earnings	1,000 87,500 <u>105,551</u> 194,051

\$ 208,192

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Revenues:	
Investment advisory	\$ 633,182
Commissions	211,840
Other income	4,295
	849,317
Operating expenses:	
Salaries and payroll taxes	351,595
Commissions	59,280
Professional and legal fees	14,499
Rent	18,970
Office expenses	18,575
Licenses and registration fees	35,133
Other operating expenses	44,660
	542,712
Net income	<u>\$ 306,605</u>

FIRST SECURITY CAPITAL MANAGEMENT, INC. STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

	Common Stock Shares Amount	Additional <u>Paid-In Capital</u>	Retained <u>Earnings</u> <u>Total</u>
Balance, June 30, 2007	1,000 \$ 1,000	\$ 87,500	\$ 69,586 \$ 158,086
Distributions		•	(270,640) (270,640)
Net income for the year ended June 30, 2007			<u>306,605</u> <u>306,605</u>
Balance, June 30, 2007	<u>1,000</u> \$ 1,000	<u>\$87,500</u>	\$ 105,551 \$ 194,051

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

Cash flows from operating activities: Net income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash	<u>\$ 306,605</u>
provided by operating activities: Depreciation and amortization Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	2,124
Decrease in accounts receivable Increase in due from officers	12,311 (2,462)
Increase in prepaid expenses Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses	(477) 11,662
Total adjustments Net cash provided by operating activities	23,158 329,763
Cash flows from financing activities: Distributions paid and net cash used by financing activities	(270,640)
Net increase in cash	59,123
Cash and cash equivalents at July 1, 2006	<u>35,752</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at June 30, 2007	\$ 94.875

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

1. Nature of operations and summary of significant accounting policies:

Nature of operations and organization:

First Security Capital Management, Inc. (the "Company") was incorporated in September 1995 as a registered investment advisor. The Company provides planning and investment management services. The corporate office of the Company is located in Venice, Florida. Additionally, the Company is an introducing broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD"). Trades are cleared principally by Pershing LLC, a member of the New York Stock Exchange ("NYSE").

Cash and cash equivalents:

The Company considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Property and equipment:

Property and equipment is stated at cost. The service lives for all property and equipment have been estimated at 3 to 7 years and the straight-line method is used for depreciation purposes. Software and leasehold improvements are being amortized over 3 and 5 years, respectively, using the straight-line method. Maintenance and repairs that do not improve or extend the lives of the respective assets are expensed currently.

Impairment of long-lived assets:

In the even that facts and circumstances indicate that long-lived assets or other assets may be impaired, an evaluation of recoverability would be performed. If an evaluation is required, the estimated future undiscounted cash flows associated with the asset would be compared to the asset's carrying amount to determine if a write-down is required. If a write-down is required, the Company would prepare a discounted cash flow analysis to determine the amount of the write-down.

Income taxes:

The Company and its shareholders have elected under Subchapter S of the Internal Revenue Code to have the Company's taxable income or loss reported by the shareholders. Because of this election, federal income taxes have not been provided for in the financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2007.

Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

1. Nature of operations and summary of significant accounting policies - continued:

Revenue and expense recognition:

The revenue of the Company is derived primarily from investment advisory fees and from commissions earned on the sale of securities. Investment advisory fees are generally calculated as a percentage of assets managed, are paid in advance each quarter, and are amortized to income over the period for which the fees were paid. Commission income is recorded as of the date of the transaction leading to the commission.

Computation of customer reserve:

The Company is exempt from customer reserve requirements and providing information relating to possession or control of securities pursuant to rule 15c3-3 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The Company meets the exempting provisions of Paragraph (k)(2)(ii).

Advertising:

The Company's policy is to expense advertising costs as the costs are incurred. Advertising for the year ended June 30, 2007 was \$9,097.

2. Property and equipment:

Property and equipment consists of the following at June 30, 2007:

Computer equipment	\$ 11,690
Software	22,602
Office equipment	21,174
Furniture and equipment	2,075
Leasehold improvements	<u>_7,528</u>
	65,069
Less accumulated depreciation and amortization	(60,186)
	\$ _4.883

Depreciation and amortization expenses amounted to \$2,124 for the year ended June 30, 2007.

3. Net capital requirements:

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital at an amount equal to the greater of \$50,000 or 6 2/3% of aggregate indebtedness, and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital not exceed 15 to 1.

As of June 30, 2007, the Company had excess net capital of \$55,734 and a net capital ratio of .13 to 1.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2007

4. Related party transactions:

The Company leases office space on a month-to-month basis from an entity in which the majority shareholder of the Company is a significant partner. Rent payments to this entity totaled \$16,774 for the year ended June 30, 2007.

5. Liability subordinated to the claims of creditors:

None of the Company's liabilities have been subordinated to the claims of general creditors at June 30, 2007.

6. Leases:

The Company has an operating lease for a copier. The lease is non-cancelable and expires in October 2010. The Company also leases office space from a related party (see Note 4).

At June 30, 2007, the approximate future minimum rental payments required are as follows:

For the year ended June 30:

2008	\$ 2,196
2009	2,196
2010	2,196
2011	732
	\$ 7,320

Rental expense under the above mentioned lease totaled \$2,196 for the year ended June 30, 2007.

7. Supplementary disclosures of cash flow information:

Cash was paid during the period for:

Interest	<u>\$8;</u>
Income taxes	\$

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL UNDER RULE 15c3-1 OF THE SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

JUNE 30, 2007

Net capital		
Total shareholders' equity	\$	194,051
Deductions:		
Non-allowable assets:		
Unsecured accounts receivable		3,150
Due from officers		77,728
Prepaid expenses		2,556
Property and equipment, net		4,883
Net capital	<u>\$</u>	105,734
Reconciliation with Company's computation (included in Part II of Form X-17A-5 as of June 30, 2007) Net capital, as reported in Company's Part II		
FOCUS report	\$	116,143
Adjustments:		
To record accounts payable and accrued expenses		(10,409)
Net capital	<u>\$</u>	105,734

COMPUTATION OF AGGREGATE INDEBTEDNESS UNDER RULE 17a-5 OF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

JUNE 30, 2007

Accounts payable and accrued expenses and aggregate indebtedness	<u>\$ 14,1</u>	<u>4</u>
Ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital		<u>.1:</u>



Cuthill & Eddy LLC CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Carson L. Eddy Victor J. Incinelli Todd Hitchins Jennifer L. Christensen

Limited Liability Company

Independent Auditors' Report On Internal Control Required By SEC Rule 17a-5

Board of Directors First Security Capital Management, Inc. Venice, Florida

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of First Security Capital Management, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended June 30, 2007, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities Exchange Commission, (the "SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph, and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable, but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition that the transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at June 30, 2007, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Comu & Goog uc

August 14, 2007

 \mathcal{END}